

Numberhands to 100

Key Instant Recall Facts

Count in 25s

Count in 1000s

Year 4 – Autumn 1

I know number bonds to 100. Count in 25s and 1000s.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

Numberbonds to 100		Count III 258	Count III 1000s
Some examples:		0	0
60 + 40 = 100	37 + 63 = 100	25	1000
40 + 60 = 100	63 + 37 = 100	50	2000
100 – 40 = 60	100 - 63 = 37	75	3000
100 - 60 = 40	100 - 37 = 63	100	4000
100 - 60 = 40	100 - 37 = 63	125	5000
		150	6000
75 + 25 = 100	48 + 52 = 100	175	7000
25 + 75 = 100	52 + 48 = 100	200	8000
100 – 25 = 75	100 - 52 = 48	225	9000
100 – 75 = 25	100 - 48 = 52	250	10,000
		275 300 etc	11,000 12,000 etc
Va. Vaaalaulam.			12,000 etc
Key Vocabulary		Key Vocabulary	
What do I add to 65 to make 100?		How many 25s make 100?	
What is 100 take away 6?		So how many 25s will make 200? etc	
What is 13 less than 100?		Multiply 1000 by 6.	
How many more than 98 is 100? What is the difference		What are 4 lots of 25?	
between 89 and 100?			
This list includes some examples of facts that children		Try counting on in 25s from 0 or any multiple of 25.	
should know. They should be able to answer questions		Can your child see how counting in 25s relates to	
including missing number questions e.g. $49 + \bigcirc = 100$ or $100 - \bigcirc = 72$		fractions, decimals, fractions?	

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising **little** and **often**. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. 81 + 19 = 100), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?

<u>Use number bonds to 10</u> - How can number bonds to 10 help you work out number bonds to 100? <u>Play games</u> – There are missing number questions at

http://www.conkermaths.org/cmweb.nsf/products/conkerkirfs.html

See how many questions you can answer in just 90 seconds. There is also a number bond pair game to play.

Roll a number – Use 2 dice to create a 2 digit number – which number do you add to this to make 100?



Key Instant Recall Facts

Year 4 – Autumn 2

I can count in 6s.

I know the multiplication and division facts for the 6 times table. (up to 12x6)

By the end of this half term, children should know the factor pairs of numbers in the times tables. The aim is for them to recall these facts fairly **instantly**.

Count in 6s	0 x 6 = 0	$0 \div 6 = 0$	Key vocabulary
0	1 x 6 = 6	6 ÷ 6 = 1	
6	2 x 6 = 12	12 ÷ 6 = 2	What is 4 times 6?
12 18	3 x 6 = 18	18 ÷ 6 = 3	What is 8 multiplied
24	4 x 6 = 24	24 ÷ 6 = 4	by 6?
30	5 x 6 = 30	30 ÷ 6 = 5	What is 24 divided by
36	6 x 6 = 36	36 ÷ 6 = 6	6?
42	7 x 6 = 42	42 ÷ 6 = 7	What is 48 shared between 6?
48	8 x 6 = 48	48 ÷ 6 = 8	What is 72 divided
54 60	9 x 6 = 54	54 ÷ 6 = 9	into groups of 6?
66	10 x 6 = 60	60 ÷ 6 = 10	mico groups or o.
72	11 x 6 = 66	66 ÷ 6 = 11	
	12 x 6 = 72	72 ÷ 6 = 12	

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions, e.g. $6 \times \bigcirc = 54$ or $\bigcirc \div 6 = 7$.

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising **little** and **often**. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day.

Buy one get three free – If your child knows one fact (e.g. $12 \times 6 = 72$), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family? If you know $7 \times 6 = 42$, then what will 70×6 be?

<u>Times Table Rockstars</u> — Children all have their username and password to practice in the "Garage" and the "Arena". They could try playing in the "Studio" and also do the Soundcheck.

<u>Look for patterns</u> – These times tables are full of patterns for your child to find. How many can they spot?

<u>Use your three times table</u> – Multiply a number by 3 and then double it. What do you notice? (e.g. $7 \times 3 = 21$, double it to get 7×6 which is 42).

http://www.conkermaths.org/cmweb.nsf/products/conkerkirfs.html See how many questions you can answer in 90seconds

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10 and https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button